AMAZED: Algorithms for Massive Automated Z(redshift) Estimation and Determination

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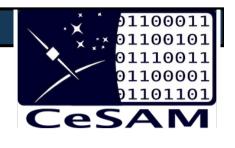
A. Schmitt (CeSAM)

Contributions/Inputs/Criticisms from Euclid and PFS OUs/science working groups



A versatile fully automated redshift measurement library

- Human participation up to now (VIMOS, DEEP2, even SDSS)
 - 10⁵ spectra
 - Validation of software results :
 Redmonster (Hutchinson et al. 2016), EZ (Garilli et al. 2010)
- Dedicated software for specific populations (DESI, Rubin,..)





A versatile fully automated redshift measurement library

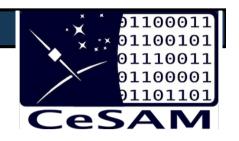
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 Redmonster (Hutchinson et al. 2016), EZ (Garilli et al. 2010)
- Dedicated software for specific populations (DESI, Rubin,..)
- Impossible for more general surveys in preparation (Euclid, PFS, Roman, ...):
 - Several millions of objects
 - High observing rate
 - We don't want to do it anymore

Building on the heritage of VIMOS surveys



A versatile fully automated redshift measurement library

Adaptable to any instrumental configuration (UV/visible/IR/?)

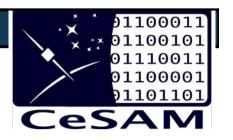


- Takes into account instrumental effects: LSF, (co)variance
- Fully automated bayesian inference redshift measurement (and error)
- Bayesian object classification (Galaxy, quasars, stars), ML evolution ongoing
- Quantification of reliability and ultimately quality of fit (detection of "monsters")

Core of Euclid, PFS and Roman pipelines



The methods (Galaxies and QSO)



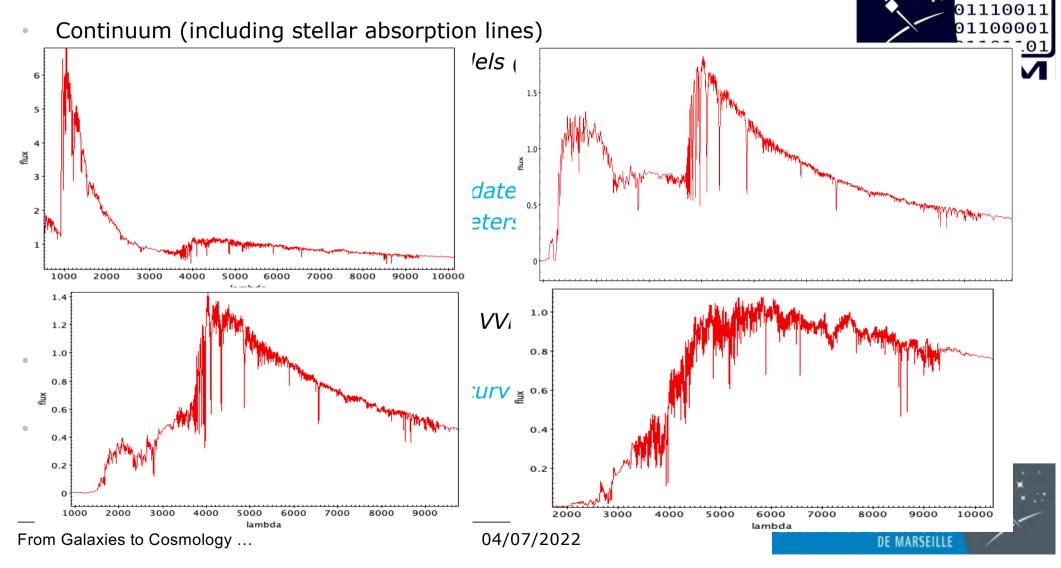
- A least-square fit of model parameters weighted by signal variance
 - Fixed redshift grid
 - Logarithmic sampling for FFT
 - Go back to Tonry & Davis (1979) for a fundamental description
- Redshift Probability Distribution Function calculation for each model
- Combination of all zPDFs into one
- The N best redshifts are identified from the PDF peaks
- Measurements of spectral features at the best redshifts solutions



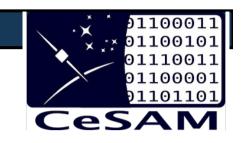
The method: galaxy model

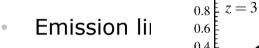
- Continuum (including stellar absorption lines)
 - 21 templates built from BC03 models (Tremonti+ 2003)
 - The amplitude is fitted
- Emission lines
 - Predefined list of lines
 - Relative ratios predefined (and updated) from 13 VVDS stacked spectra
 - Redshift and width are free parameters
- Interstellar absorption lines
 - Velocity shift is fixed (-150 km/s), but could be free
 - Relative ratios predefined from 13 VVDS/Steidel stacked spectra
- Intergalactic Medium absorption
 - Tabulated from Meiksin (2002): 7 curves at 11 redshifts between 2 and 7
- Interstellar extinction
 - Tabulated from Calzetti (2000)





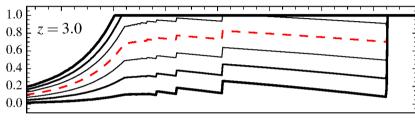
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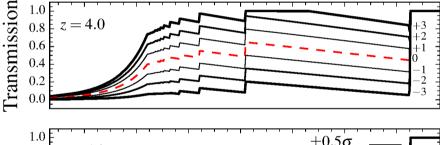


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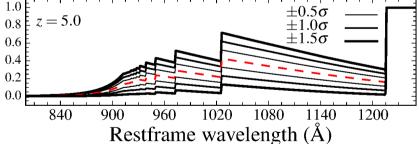
- Predef
- Relativ
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- Interstellar
 - Velocia
 - Relativ
- Intergalact
 - Tabula
- Interstellar
 - Tabula



VVDS stacked spectra



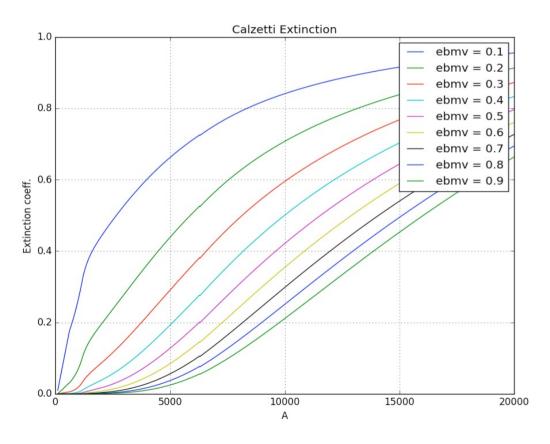
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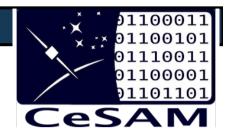


shifts between 2 and 7



- - 21 te
 - The ...
- Emission
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 - Tabu
- Interstell
 - Tabu





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veen 2 and 7





Journal of lines

Journal of lines

Relative ratios pred

Position and with the our series of lines

Relative ratios pred

Not your own

Bring your Inte - All model components are configuration files

The user can decide to use them or not

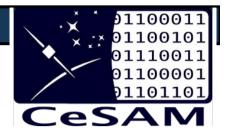
J2) 7 curves at 11 redshifts between 2 and 7



Cesar

∡ spectra

The method – Redshift Determination



- PDF from each model are combined
 - Marginalization (over all model parameters), final PDF delivered.
- The best redshift is taken at the maximum of integrated probability
 - Error on redshift estimated via Gaussian fit
 - Integral value under the PDF peak as Reliability level
 - Being improved with ML/DL Techniques, using the full PDF
- Secondary redshift values at following peaks
- Code is able to integrate priors
 - Strong lines: greater probability for "Main Strong lines" (Ha, OII, OIII)
 - $H\alpha$: greater probability to be an Ha line
 - N(z): an a-priori redshift distribution of Ha emitters



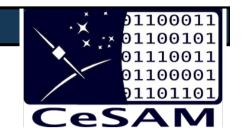
The method - Redshift Determination



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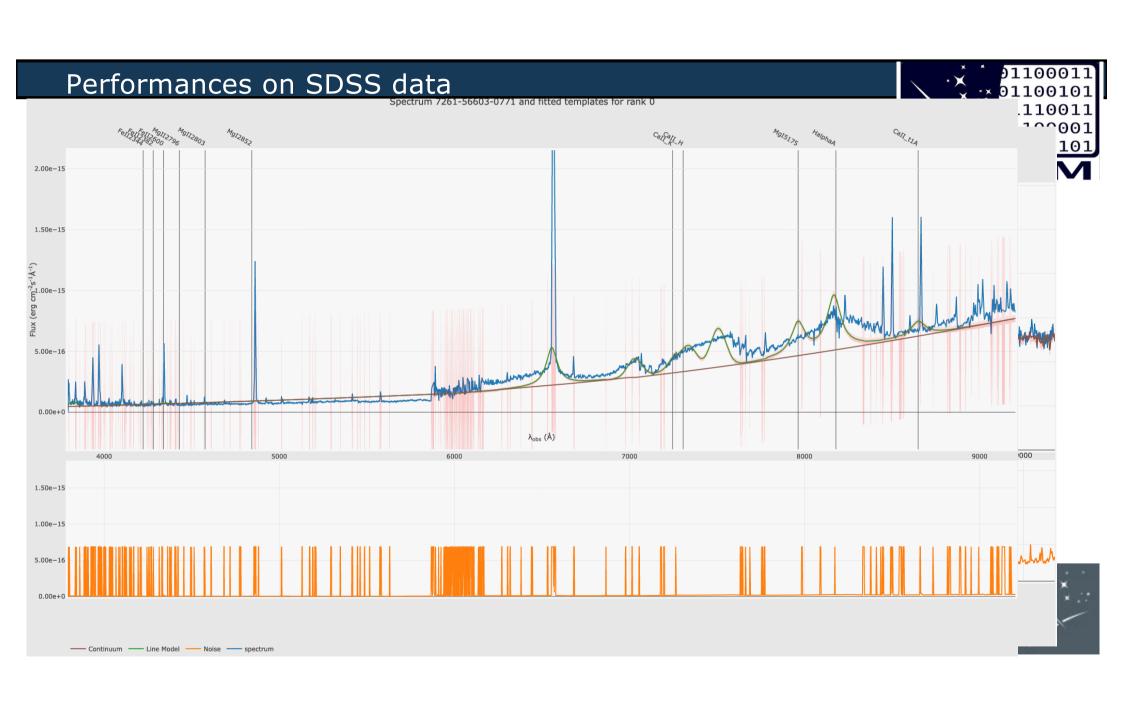


The usage – Integration to a pipeline or standalone use



- Interaction with the input and output data: the python client
 - Generic one with a given data model for public version
 - We can provide one adapted to the datamodel used in a pipeline
 - Both in input and output
- Handles parallelization



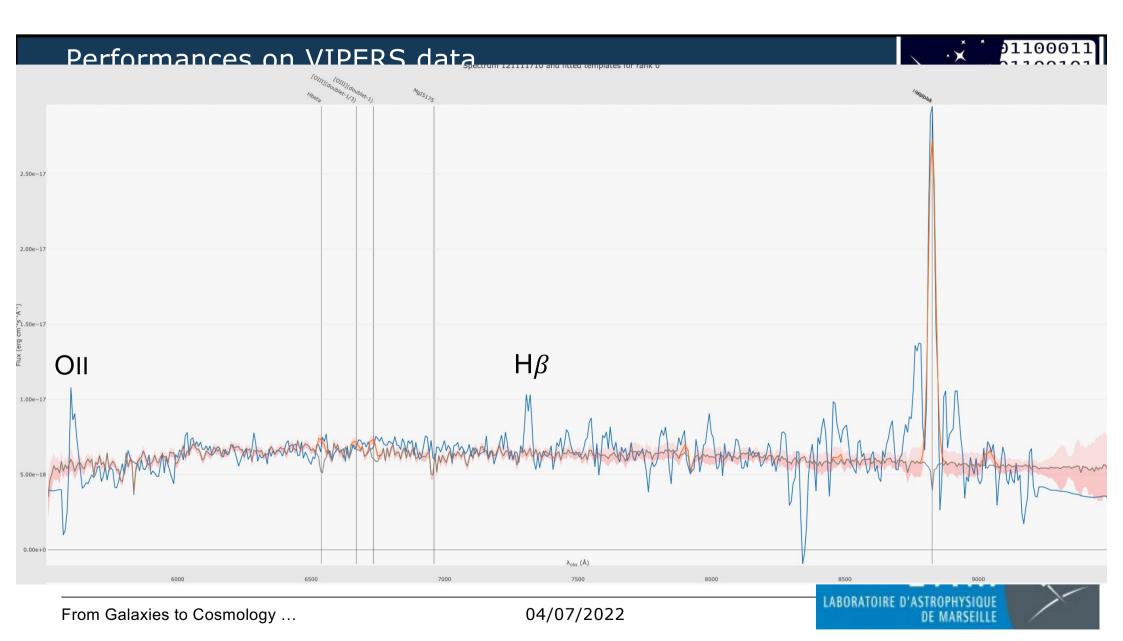


Performances on VIPERS data

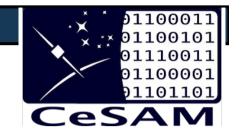
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- Results on the flag 4 spectra: 19658 galaxy spectra
- Caveats
 - Variance/flags in VIPERS spectra are 'not perfectly' evaluated
 - There can be superposition of spectra
 - Flags (sometime strongly) depend on the personality/experience
 - Human measurement based on features not available in the spectrum
 2D spectrum
 - Feature on the edge of spectrum





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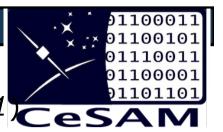


- Results on the flag 4 spectra: 19658 galaxy spectra
- Caveats
 - Variance/flags in VIPERS spectra are 'not perfectly' evaluated
 - Not a simulation, even with double human check, errors remain
 - Flags (sometime strongly) depend on the personality/experience
 - Human measurement based on features not available in the spectrum
 2D spectrum
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Performances on VIPERS data

96.3% success with |dz/(1+z)| < 0.002 (300 km/s at z=1)



- 0.4<z<0.53 galaxies represent 20% of sample but 35% of errors
 - Lack of adequate template ?

(Red+ templates were built during VVDS)

- Merit (measures confidence)
 - Cutting merit >0.99 excludes 7.8% of the sample but 1/3 of errors
 - Dynamics to be refined



Next steps

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- Improve reliability with ML
 - First version improves purity by ~ 10%
- Validate and improve object classifier
- Provide homogeneous measurements on public data available at
 - https://cesam.lam.fr/aspic
- First public release in 2023+
- Open to collaborate on your favorite project

