

Simulations vs mock observations of dwarf EAGLE galaxies



Margarita Luna-Garcia

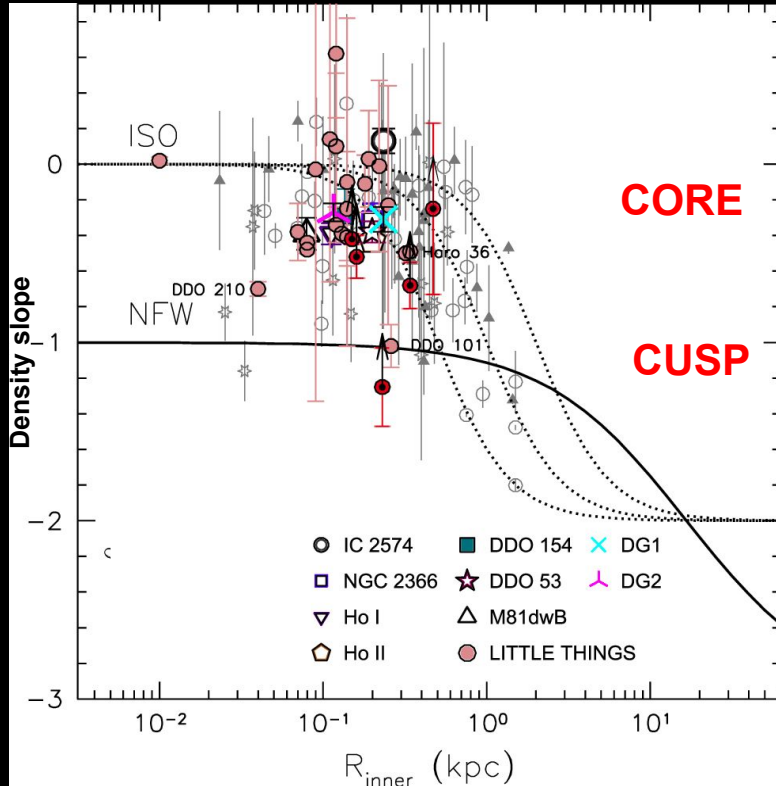
MSc Research

Supervisors: Dr. Anna McLeod, Dr. Azi Fattahi, and Dr. Annagrazia Puglisi

Overview

- Simulations vs observations: background and relevance
- Building mock IFU cubes
- Methods of obtaining dark matter distribution
- Future work

Motivation: Core/cusp problem



Oh et al., 2015

Dark matter density distribution:

- DM only **simulations**: cusp
- **Observations**: cusps and cores

Solution? Baryonic feedback simulations?

- Cores and cusps depending on chosen parameters

OR

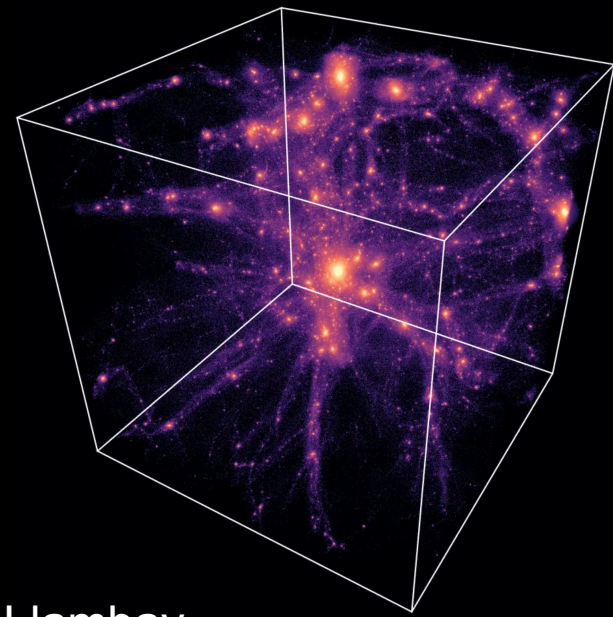
Methods of deriving quantities from observations?

EAGLE simulations

- 12 Mpc box
- Baryonic feedback
- Resolution:
 - DM particles $3.2 \times 10^6 M_{\odot}$
 - Baryons: $5.3 \times 10^5 M_{\odot}$

Star formation gas density threshold's effect (Benitez-Llambay et al. 2019) – some produce cores

- Runs used: $n_{\text{th}} = 0.1 \text{ cm}^{-3}$ $= 10 \text{ cm}^{-3}$
 Low threshold High threshold



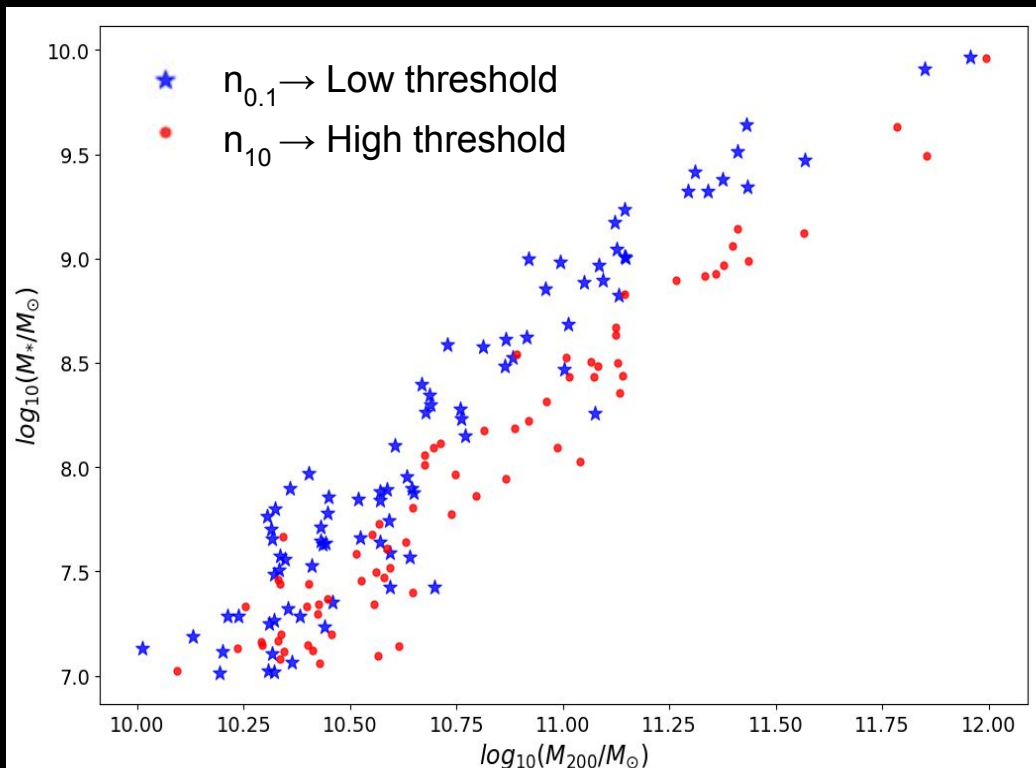
(The EAGLE Project)

Galaxy selection

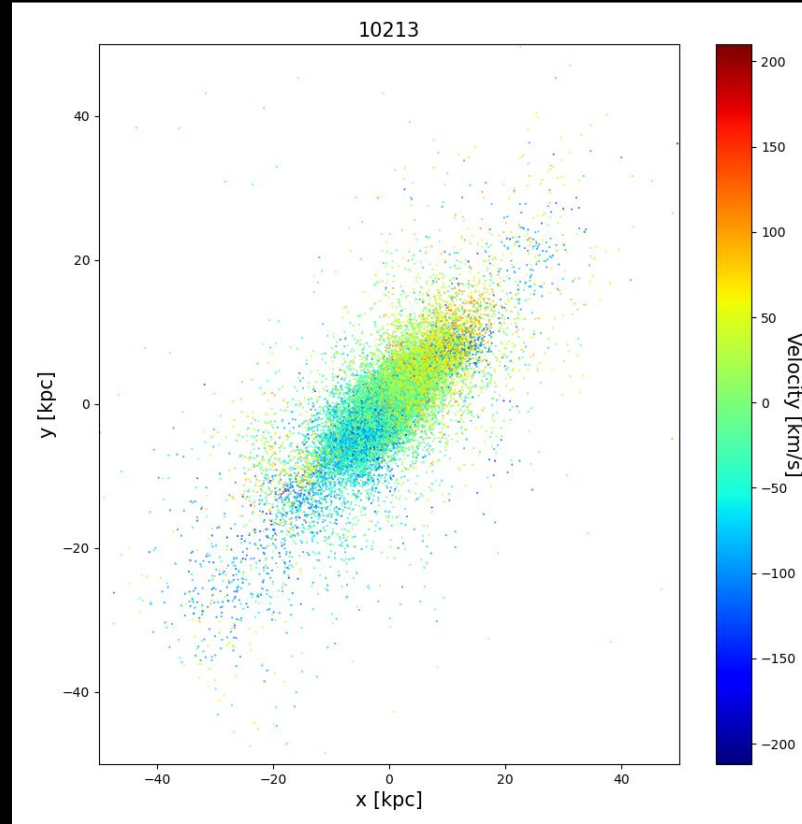
Select $10^7 < M_{\star} < 10^{10} M_{\odot}$
(dwarf)

Approx. 80 galaxies at low and
high n_{th}

- Some have mergers or lack of rotation



EAGLE stellar particle data

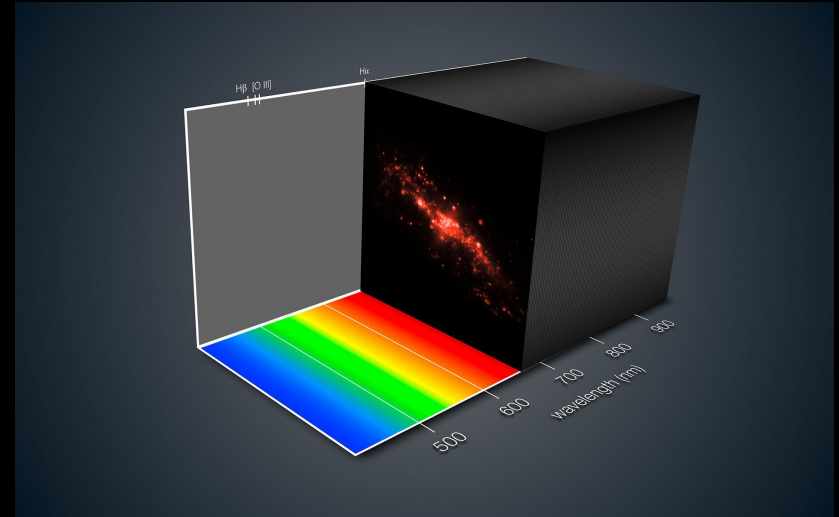


MUSE Integral Field Units (IFUs)

MUSE: instrument on the VLT

- FOV: 60''
- λ range: 4650 - 9300 Å

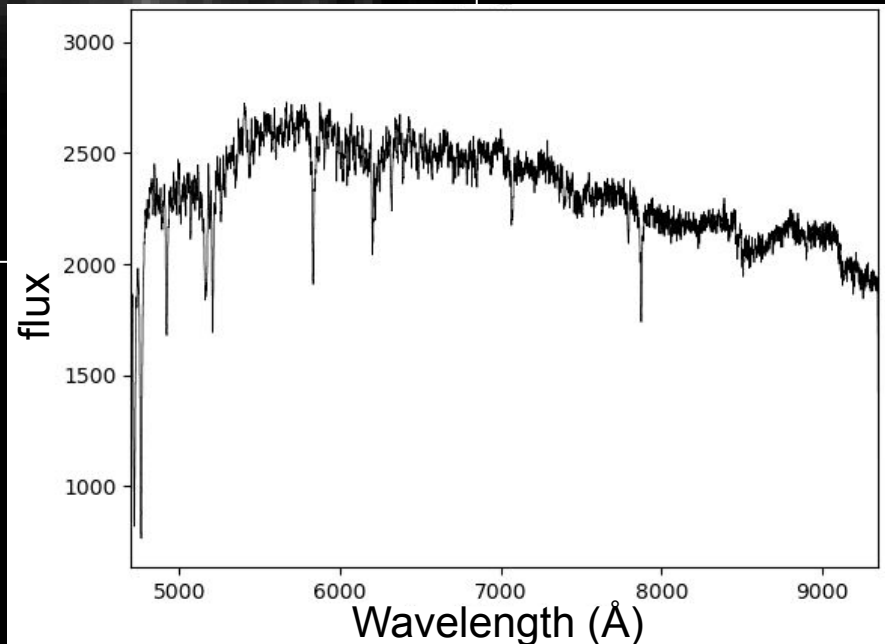
Photometry and spectroscopy



(ESO/MUSE)

SimSpin (Kate Harborne, 2020)

IFU mock data cubes from simulations
(using stellar data) - MUSE parameters

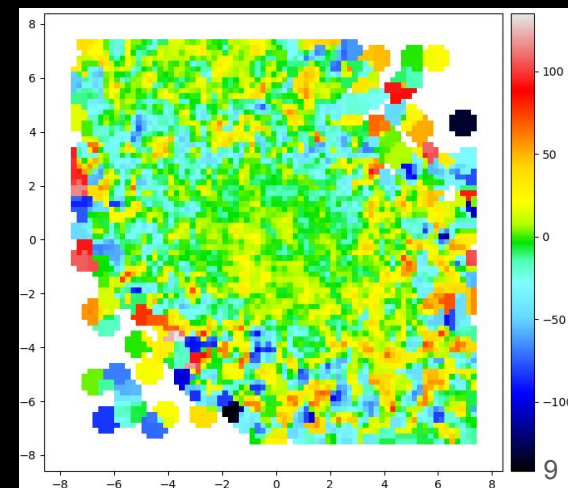
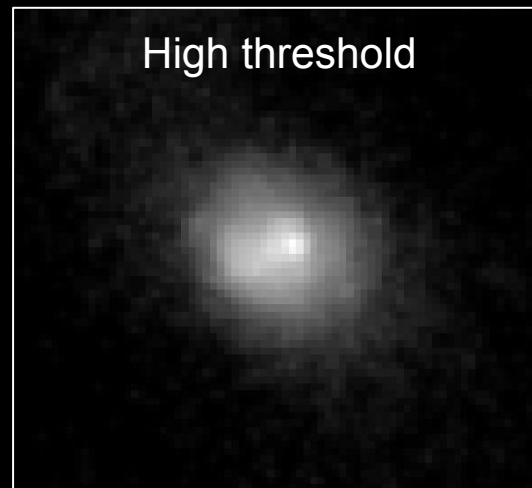
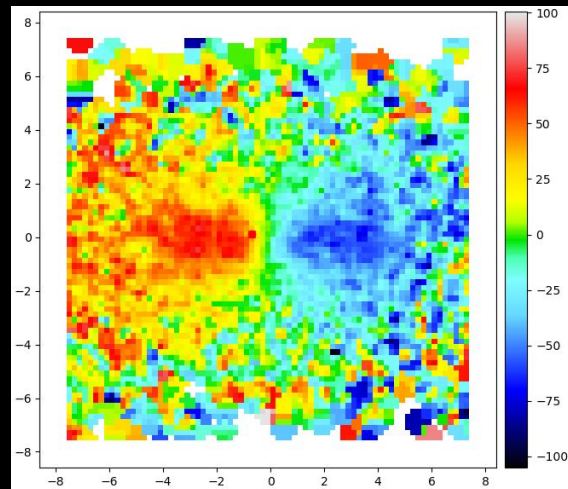
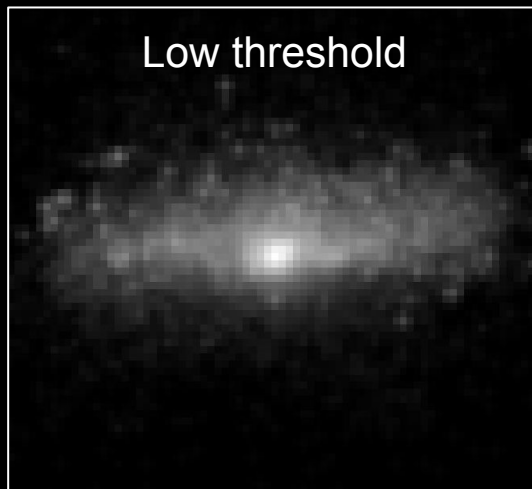


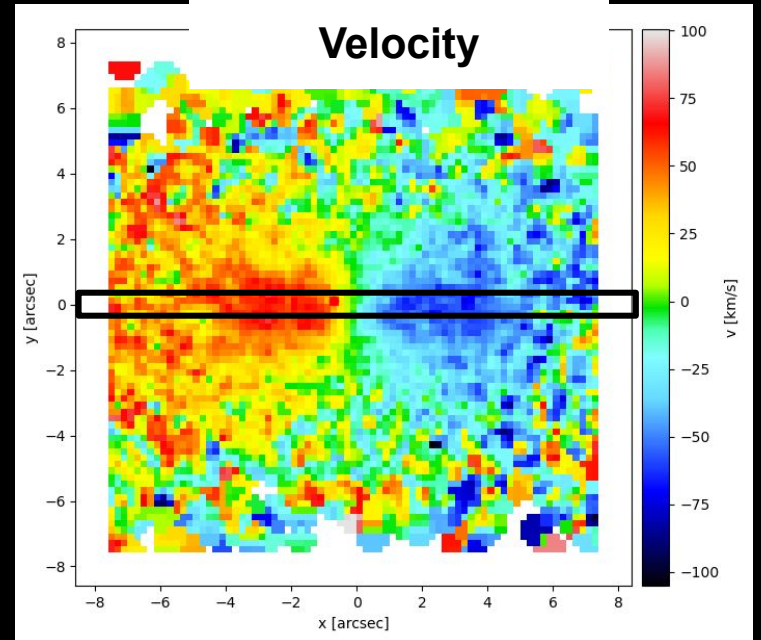
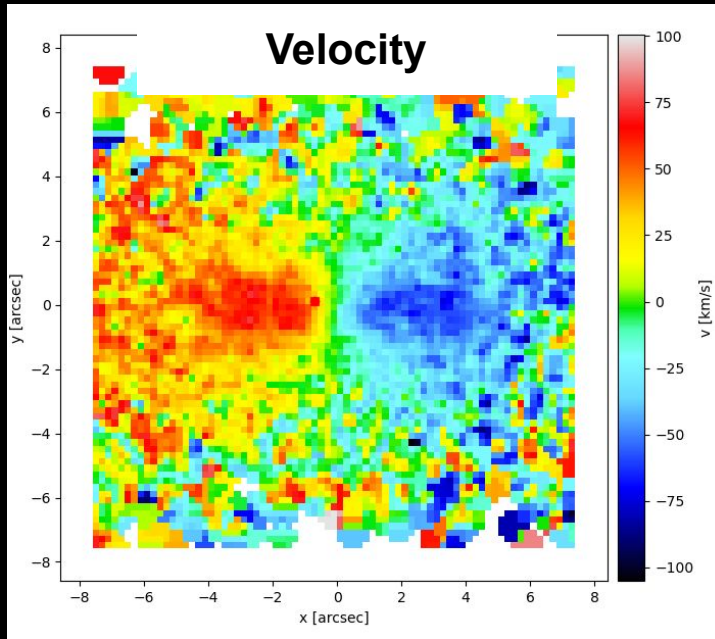
- $z = 0.2$
- $\text{PSF} = 0.3''$
- Inclination = 75 (rotation visible)
- Spectral template = EMILES (Vazdekis et al., 2016)

Kinematic analysis

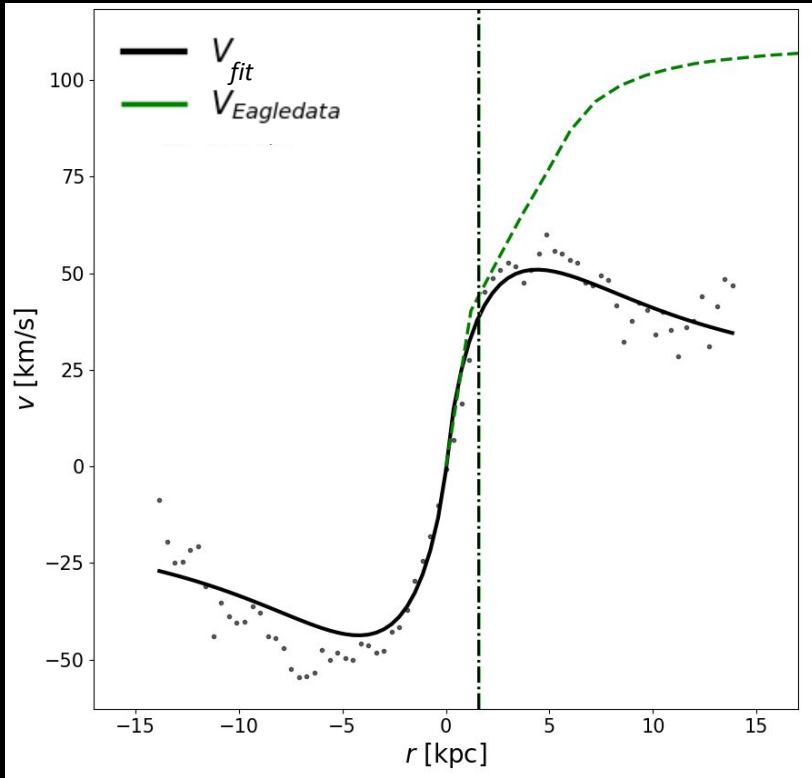
GIST pipeline (Bittner, 2021)

- Data binning
- pPXF fitting of absorption lines → stellar kinematics





Find major axis of rotation,
Take average over a slit width



Circular velocity

Get velocity of bins, fit, and compare with **EAGLE**

$$v_{circ} = \sqrt{\frac{GM(R)}{R}}$$

Further steps: correct for velocity dispersion?

Next steps

- Compare recovered data with data from EAGLE
- Do the same procedure with galaxies at the higher density threshold and compare differences
- Check fidelity of observational methods in recovering the dark matter density profile

Outlook

- Find $V_{\text{in}}/V_{\text{max}}$ of the galaxies \rightarrow get information about the density slope
- Look into age and metallicity

- Test other simulations and add gas dynamics
- Run for higher thresholds

